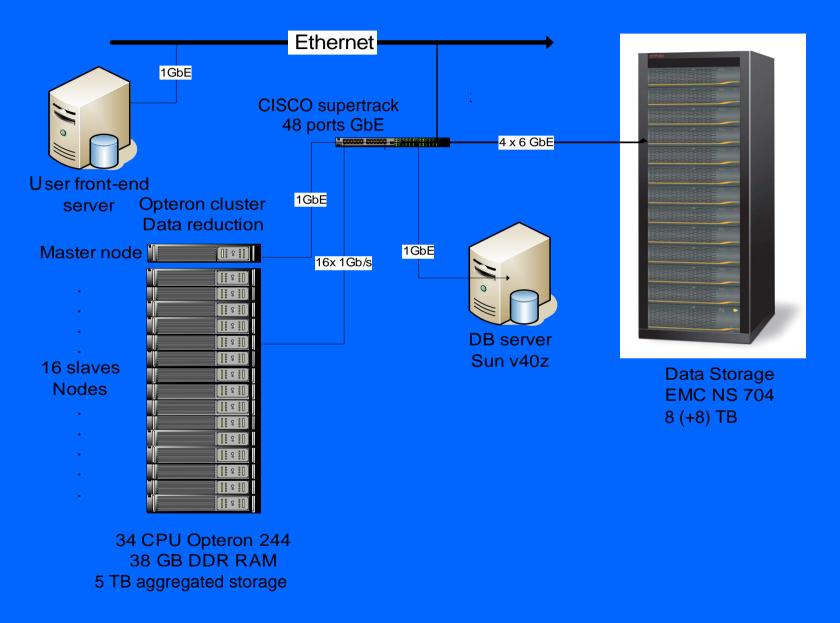


## Hardware





## (16+1) Opteron beowulf

17 TYAN Transport TX28 (B2880) server systems based on TYAN Thunder K8S (S2880) platform featuring two 64-bit AMD Opteron processors 244 + 128-bit DDR dual channel memory controller.

The system has five expansion slots of which 2 independent PCI-X buses, can support up to 12 GB of Registered DDR2700 memory and has two integrated Gigabit Ethernet controller connected to the PCI-X bus. Total RAM is 38 GB and total aggregate disk space is 5TB. The connectivity inside the cluster is provided by a 24 copper ports Gigabit switch. This will be upgraded to a 48 GbE switch to allow the connectivity to the data storage.

The system runs **Scientific Linux** created at CERN which is based on Red Hat and OSCAR.

## SUN V40z equipped with two Opteron CPUs, 4 GB of DDR RAM and 500 GB of U320SCSI 10000 rpm disks.





• Commercial solution in order to guarantee the necessary reliability, availability, performance and maintenance.

• The system is a NS 704 from EMC, equipped with four NAS heads, two storage controllers populated with 12.5 TB (raw) of fibre channel disks.

• Storage capacity can be scaled up to 130 TB with a very high performance in data delivery (the storage is connected to the Beowulf cluster through 24 Gigabit Ethernet connections divided in four trunked channels).

• An upgrade (from 8 to 16 TB of effective capacity) is foreseen later this year.



#### AW Architectural Design Document (ADD)

#### **Requirements/concepts:**

- Pipeline performance: at least 1 Mpix/sec  $\Rightarrow$  parallel processing
- DB driven operations
- Multi-site operations (processing and administration)  $\rightarrow$  federated DB (Oracle 10g)
- Extendibility
- On-the-fly reprocessing
- Multi-instrument support
- VO/Grid compatibility

#### **AW development framework:**

- Modular programming
- Object Oriented programming ( $\rightarrow$  python):  $> \underline{awe}$
- <u>CVS</u>: central repository of the code (+ documentation) implemented at the different nodes

## AW pipeline

Data reduction is normally performed step by step through python command lines, using either:

- the task.execute() command [single CCDs]
- the dpu.run method [distributed processing, 1 CCD = 1 CPU]

The Pars method allows to change parameters without entering the python (or C/C++) code

When everything is well optimized it is possible to launch more complex automatic python scripts that do several steps at once (even via web interface)

## AW DB (Oracle 11g)

- The DB contains metadata (links to the fits files stored in the data storage) or other objects (e.g. catalogs).
- All data can be easily retrieved, reproduced and published.
- The DB (and the DS) is "federated": the same DB is seen by each AW node and is continuously synchronized.
   This allows to share files between users at different nodes working in the same project.
- The DB is divided in different "contexts" corresponding to the different survey projects.

## The content of the DB can be seen through an SQL query or through a web interface (DB viewer)

#### AWE\_SQLform - Netscape

Eile Edit View Go Bookmarks Tools Window Help

🗞 http://zernike.astro.rug.ni:8879/awsqlui.py?QFilter=%25&QChip=%25&numrows=10&QSort=%25&Qnum1=on&QSMainTable.globalname=++&QSMainTable.filenam

🖌 🗇 🔏 Home 🛇 Google 🛇 OCam 🛇 OCen 🛇 EV 🛇 NOS 🛇 AE 🛇 AA 🛇 Ilse 🛇 PyDoc 🛇 AweSQL 🛇 Awe 🛇 CVS 🛇 AweNews 🛇 AweCalts 🛇 Router 🛇 Start 🛇 Lyc 🛇 AWE SQLform... 🕙 New Tab 🛇 AWE\_SQLform

#### Total number of rows selected : 88576

				RawScienceFrame						
filtername	chipname	globalname	filename	quality_flags	process_status	DATE_OBS	OBSERVER	extension	UTC	OBJECT#
#843	ccd54	None	WFI.2000-04-24T04:18:27.606 5.fits	0	1	2000-04-24 04:18:27	Momany	5	15508.131	pg1323/test
#843	ccd55	None	WFI.2000-04-24T04:18:27.606_6.fits	0	1	2000-04-24 04:18:27	Momany	6	15508.131	pg1323/test
#843	ccd56	None	WFI.2000-04-24T04:18:27.606 7.fits	0	1	2000-04-24 04:18:27	Momany	7	15508.131	pg1323/test
#843	ccd57	None	WFI.2000-04-24T04:18:27.606 8.fits	0	1	2000-04-24 04:18:27	Momany	8	15508.131	pg1323/test
#843	ccd50	None	WFI.2000-04-24T04:21:25.911 1.fits	0	1	2000-04-24 04:21:25	Momany	1	15686.443	pg1323/test
#843	ccd51	None	WFI.2000-04-24T04:21:25.911 2.fits	0	1	2000-04-24 04:21:25	Momany	2	15686.443	pg1323/test
#843	ccd52	None	WFI.2000-04-24T04:21:25.911 3.fits	0	1	2000-04-24 04:21:25	Momany	3	15686.443	pg1323/test
#843	ccd53	None	WFI.2000-04-24T04:21:25.911 4.fits	0	1	2000-04-24 04:21:25	Momany	4	15686.443	pg1323/test
#843	ccd54	None	WFI.2000-04-24T04:21:25.911 5.fits	0	1	2000-04-24 04:21:25	Momany	5	15686.443	pg1323/test

#### Freeform search

select q."filter"."name" as "filtername", q."chip"."name" as "chipname", q."globalname",q."filename",q."quality\_flags", q."process\_status",q."DATE\_OBS",q."OBSERVER", q."extension",q."UTC",q."OBJECT#", q."LST",q."DATE#",q."MJD\_OBS", q."EXPTIME",q."AIRMSTRT",q."AIRMEND", \_ 7 ×

N

X

## What will (likely) not be seen in this course

#### 1) Ingestion of the data

#### 2) Visualization

ObsViewer, MEF, PSF\_Anisotropy, DBviewer compatibility with Aladin & Topcat, PLASTIC connectivity

### 3) Analysis tools

GalFit, GalPhot, PhotRed, VODIA, Mdia

## Recent developments (1)

#### New web services & tools

#### 1) "Extreme data lineage" [Dependency Cutout]

From a single entry in a source list, it is possible to obtain "on the flight" a series of stamps with that particular source in all the frames that have contributed to create the source list, from the BIAS frame to the coadded image.

#### 2) Image visualization

Tiff images of mosaics are produced on the flight, including the possibility to create <u>3-colour images</u>.

3) New instruments: a standard protocol to introduce new instruments has been defined. Currently interfaces exist for the following instruments: <u>WFI(ESO2.2m), WFC(INT2.5m), MDM8K(MDM2.4m), LOFAR, WSRT,</u> <u>SUP(SUBARU), LBC-BLUE(LBT), ISAAC(VLT-UT1), ACS(HST).</u>

## Recent developments (2)

- 4) Calibration timestamp editor (CALTS)
- 5) Ingestion of reduced data or catalogs

It is now possible to ingest not only raw data but also reduced frames and source lists.

**6)** N-dim visualization & PLASTIC (PLatform for Astronomical Tool InterConnection) PLASTIC is available in AWe to connect different applications (e.g. Aladin, Topcat, ...)

7) "Federated data storage": now it is fully operative (tested here)

8) GRID: DPU task can be started in EGEE GRID (not yet tested here).

9) "Target processor" [web]

To process images from the web on one of the AW nodes.

## <u>AW</u> documentation

http://www.astro-wise.org/

# PYDOC

MANUAL

HOW-TOs

CVS

### The people

#### AW personnel (hired with AW funds)

A. Volpicelli (2003-2005) ► code implementation

F. Getman (since 2003)

- **DB** administrator
- ► AWe maintenance
- code implementation

#### Science staff and others

M. Capaccioli (PI, since 2002)
R. Silvotti (contact person, since 2002)
J.M. Alcalá (since 2002)
A. Grado (since 2002)
M. Pavlov (2002-2005)
E. Puddu (since 2002)
M. Radovich (since 2002)
S. Leccia (since 2005)
A. Romano (since 2006)

M. Dall'Ora (since 2006)

## The ASTRO-WISE node in Naples

# Thanks to:

- All the Groningen AW team

- All the OAC AW team (without Fedor NO course !)

[Monica]

# THE END Or the beginning ?

if you find bugs, if you have suggestions on how to improve the documentation or the algorithms (or the next course), etc. ... please send me by e-mail your comments !